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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGIN	MM/DD/YY	AND ENDING	12/31/04 MM/DD/YY	
	A. REGISTRANT ID	ENTIFICATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: S	cudder Distributors, Inc.			
			OFFICIAL USE O	
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)		FIRM ID. NO		
	222 South Rive	rside Plaza		
	(No. and Street)			
Chicago			60606-5808	
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBE	R OF PERSON TO CONTACT I	N REGARD TO THIS	REPORT	
Ralph Mattone		212	.250.1975	
			(Area Code – Telephone N	
	B. ACCOUNTANT II	DENTIFICATION		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUN	TANT whose opinion is containe	d in this Report*		
KPMG LLP				
	(Name – if individual, state la		4004	
757 Third Avenue	New York	NY	10017	
(Address)	(City)	(State)	ROCESSED NAR 3 1 2005	
CHECK ONE:		W PH	CCCare	
Certified Public Acc	ountant		MAR 3 1 2005	
Public Accountant			MAIN 2 -	
Accountant not resid	lent in United States or any of its	possessions	THOMSON FINANCIAL	
	FOR OFFICIAL	USE ONLY		

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

SEC 1410 (06-02)

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V3/33/5

13216 FORM X-17a-5 PART III

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

my kno Sc of 12 any par	lph Mattone, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of wledge and belief, the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of udder Distributors, Inc, as, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor mer, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a er, except as follows:
Sta	STACETA, WOMELE TARY PUBLIC, STATE OF NEW YORK No. 910/0609998 Qualified in Nessau County Termission Expires April, 21, 2007 Financial and Operations Principal Title Notary Public
This rep (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (h) (i) (k) (l)	Facing Page. Statement of Financial Condition. Statement of Income (Loss). Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital. Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims or Creditors. Computation of Net Capital. Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3. A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3. A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation. An Oath or Affirmation.
(m) (n)	

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see Section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



KPMG LLP 757 Third Avenue New York, NY 10017

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Directors Scudder Distributors, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Scudder Distributors, Inc., (the Company), (an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Deutsche Investment Management Americas, Inc.) as of December 31, 2004. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit of a statement of financial condition also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in that statement of financial condition. An audit of a statement of financial condition also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall statement of financial condition presentation. We believe that our audit of the statement of financial condition provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Scudder Distributors, Inc., as of December 31, 2004, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

KPMG LLP

February 23, 2005

SCUDDER DISTRIBUTORS, INC.
(An Indirect Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Deutsche Investment Management Americas, Inc.)

Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2004

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents Administrative service and distribution fees receivable Commissions receivable Receivable from affiliates Deferred tax asset Other assets	\$	55,950,560 13,068,435 253,462 552,825 2,056,000 416,470		
Total assets	\$ _	72,297,752		
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity				
Administrative service and distribution fees payable Payable to affiliates Income tax liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses		21,623,295 12,681,388 8,080,513 13,567,349		
Total liabilities		55,952,545		
Total stockholders' equity	_	16,345,207		
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$_	72,297,752		

See accompanying notes to statement of financial condition.

(An Indirect Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Deutsche Investment Management Americas, Inc.)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2004

(1) Organization and Business

Scudder Distributors, Inc. (the Company) is an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Deutsche Investment Management Americas, Inc. (the Parent or DIMA). The Company was incorporated in Delaware on September 20, 1994 and is a registered broker-dealer under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The Company serves as distributor and/or underwriter for certain registered investment companies managed by DIMA.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of Presentation

The preparation of the statement of financial condition in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the statement of financial condition. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The accompanying statement of financial condition has been prepared from separate records maintained by the Company, and may not necessarily be indicative of the financial condition which would have existed if the Company had been operating as an unaffiliated entity.

(b) Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents represent investments in affiliated Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas money market mutual funds stated at fair value.

(c) Common Stock

The Company has two classes of common stock. The Parent holds all Class B nonvoting shares and 50% of the Class A voting shares and a direct subsidiary of the Parent holds the remaining 50% of the Class A voting shares.

(d) Income Taxes

The Company is included in the consolidated Federal income tax return of Taunus Corporation, the ultimate U.S. holding company. The Company files state and local income tax returns on a combined basis with Taunus Corporation and other affiliates.

The Company accounts for income taxes under the asset and liability method. Deferred income taxes are recognized for the tax consequences of temporary differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities.

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(An Indirect Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Deutsche Investment Management Americas, Inc.)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2004

(3) Income Taxes

The components of income tax assets (liabilities) at December 31, 2004 are as follows:

Current:		
Federal	\$	(7,839,824)
State and local	_	(240,689)
		(8,080,513)
Deferred:		
Federal		1,983,000
State and local		73,000
	_	2,056,000
Total	\$_	(6,024,513)

The future realization of deferred tax assets is dependent on the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which those temporary differences become deductible. Management believes it is more likely than not that the Company will realize the benefit of these future tax deductions.

(4) Related Party Transactions

The Company has assigned its rights, title and interest to cash flows generated from 12b-1 distribution fees on Class B shares and contingent deferred sales charges on Class B and C shares to SIMS. SIMS reimbursed the Company for the commissions paid on Class B mutual fund shares. In addition, the Company has assigned its rights, title and interest to contingent deferred sales charges on Class A shares to DIMA. DIMA reimbursed the Company for the commissions paid on certain sales of Class A mutual fund shares and other general and administrative expenses.

The Company has arrangements with its Parent where by cash proceeds are funded by the Parent to pay for certain up-front administrative and distribution fess to the various brokers. The Parent is reimbursed by the Company as certain administrative and distribution fees are received by the mutual funds. At December 31, 2004, the Company recorded intercompany receivable and payable amounts of \$552,825 and \$12,681,388, respectively.

(5) Employee Benefit Plans

Retirement Plans

(a) Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Along with other affiliates of Deutsche Bank Americas Holding Corp. (DBAH), the Company participates in the DBAH Cash Account Pension Plan. The plan is a tax-qualified, noncontributory defined benefit cash account pension plan that covers substantially all employees who have completed one full year of service and were hired on or before December 31, 2004. An employee's

(An Indirect Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Deutsche Investment Management Americas, Inc.)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2004

pension account is credited each year with 6.5% of base pay plus bonus amounts up to 75% of base pay up to IRS limits. Accounts are also credited each year with an interest credit equivalent to the annual rate of interest of 30-year U.S. Treasury securities. The funding policy has been to contribute at least the amount required to satisfy the Employee Retirement Security Act of 1974 minimum funding requirements.

The plan was closed to new participants effective December 31, 2004.

(b) Postretirement Welfare Plan

The Company participates, together with other affiliates of DBAH, in an unfunded contributory postretirement health care plan. The plan pays stated percentages of most necessary medical expenses of retirees after a stated deductible has been met.

(c) Matched Savings Plan

The Company participates together with other affiliates of DBAH in a tax-qualified 401(k) plan. Employees are able to contribute from 1-20% of their eligible compensation on a before-tax or after-tax basis, up to IRS limits. After a participant has completed six months of service, the Company matches dollar for dollar up to 5% of eligible compensation, up to a maximum of \$4,000 per year.

Effective January 1, 2005, the plan was amended for employees hired on or after January 1, 2005. These employees can contribute from 1-20% of their eligible compensation on a before-tax or after-tax basis, up to IRS limits. Participants who have completed six months of service receive a Company matching contribution of up to 4% of eligible compensation. In addition, participants employed less than 10 years receive a Company fixed contribution equal to 4% of the first \$100,000 of eligible compensation. Participants employed 10 or more years receive a Company fixed contribution equal to 6% of the first \$100,000 of eligible compensation.

DB Share-Based Compensation Plans

The Corporation may grant various employees deferred share awards which provide the right to receive common shares of Deutsche Bank AG (the Bank) at specified future dates. Awards granted as annual bonuses are recognized as compensation expense in the applicable performance year. Awards granted as retention incentive are expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, which is generally from three to five years.

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(An Indirect Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Deutsche Investment Management Americas, Inc.)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2004

(6) Restructuring

In December 2004, the Company recorded a restructuring charge in connection with the Bank's ongoing business restructuring activities. The resulting restructuring reserve balance of \$3,210,004 as of December 31, 2004 is reflected in other liabilities in the statement of financial condition.

(7) Regulatory Requirements - Net Capital

Pursuant to the SEC's Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), the Company is required to maintain minimum net capital. The Company computes its required net capital using the alternative method. As of December 31, 2004, the Company's net capital, required net capital, and excess net capital were \$12,750,185, \$250,000, and \$12,500,185, respectively. Capital may not be withdrawn nor dividends paid to the extent capital is required for continued compliance with Rule 15c3-1.



KPMG LLP 757 Third Avenue New York, NY 10017

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control required by SEC Rule 17a-5

The Board of Directors
Scudder Distributors, Inc.:

In planning and performing our audit of the statement of financial condition of Scudder Distributors, Inc. (the Company), (an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Deutsche Investment Management Americas, Inc.) for the year ended December 31, 2004, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the statement of financial condition and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of the statement of financial condition in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the statement of financial condition being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2004, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors, management, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KPMG LLP

February 23, 2005